本測驗分三部份，全為四選一之選擇題，共50題。

第一部分：辭彙和結構
1. The car driver ______ when a bus bumped into his car.
   (A) hurted badly (B) was badly hurt (C) was hurted badly (D) was badly hurt
2. Being out of work, Gary ______ afford to buy a bicycle, not to mention a car.
   (A) doesn’t (B) shouldn’t (C) can’t (D) may not
3. I’m afraid I can’t go to the movies with you tonight, because I’ll be busy ______ for the test tomorrow.
   (A) to prepare (B) preparing (C) for preparing (D) prepared
4. I was sick and weak yesterday. I couldn’t walk, and I couldn’t fall asleep. ______
   (A) either (B) neither (C) too (D) so
5. I’ll go to the movies with my family as soon as I ______ the homework.
   (A) finish (B) will have finished (C) will finish (D) am finishing
6. We called ______ the trip because of the typhoon.
   (A) up (B) in (C) off (D) for
7. The police ran after the thief and ______ him.
   (A) studied (B) brought (C) caught (D) met
8. ______ had the robber robbed the bank when he was arrested by the police.
   (A) No other (B) No sooner (C) No quicker (D) No slower
9. I can’t bear him anymore. He ______ for three hours!
   (A) talks (B) is talking (C) talking (D) has been talking
10. If it ______ your help, I could never have finished my work.
    (A) is not (B) hadn’t been for (C) were not (D) was not
11. There are many countries ______ laws to fight pollution.
    (A) making (B) to make (C) make (D) in making
12. The population in China is larger than ______ of America.
    (A) it (B) that (C) those (D) these
13. Mr. & Mrs. Wang have two sons. One is a musician, while ______ is a soldier.
    (A) another (B) some other (C) the other (D) other
14. Please give me one more ______. I believe I won’t disappoint you.
    (A) life (B) change (C) personality (D) opportunity
15. To annoy me, my little brother ______ turned up the radio while I was studying.
    (A) considerately (B) deliberately (C) precisely (D) thankfully
16. All companies welcome ______ employees because they do their jobs well and successfully without wasting time or energy.
    (A) reluctant (B) sufficient (C) greedy (D) efficient
17. No matter how hard I tried, I just couldn’t ______ John into quitting smoking.
    (A) talk (B) convince (C) persuade (D) tell
18. I was in such a hurry that I forgot to say goodbye to the friends ______ I had worked for so many years.
    (A) whom (B) whose (C) with whom (D) with them
19. When John woke up, it was already 7:30, so he decided to take a taxi lest he ______ late.
    (A) might be (B) could be (C) be (D) must be
20. The criminal was ______ to twenty years in prison for robbing a bank.
    (A) accused (B) charged (C) convicted (D) sentenced
第二部分：段落填空

Questions 21−25

Ben is going on a camping trip. He’s busy packing. Molly is looking __21__ as he packs more and more stuff. Molly asks Ben why he’s taking so __22__ clothing. Ben tells her he likes to be __23__ for any kind of weather. Molly tells him the weather forecast said it is going to be sunny and warm. Ben says that’s true, but he thinks the weather can __24__ quickly in the mountains. It __25__ be cold one minute and hot the next.

21. (A) on (B) at (C) by (D) into
22. (A) a lot (B) many (C) much (D) few
23. (A) helped (B) prepared (C) surprised (D) checked
24. (A) believe (B) change (C) decide (D) notice
25. (A) must (B) does (C) should (D) can

Questions 26−30

Mark Twain is one of the most important writers in American history. Many students in America must read his stories. Many of them learn to write better by __26__ his example. Mark Twain wrote only in American English. He wrote this way because it was __27__ for readers to understand than British English. Now, all Americans write in American English.

Mark Twain’s stories are __28__ very popular today. This is because his writing style was simple. That is __29__ his stories are so easy to understand. Also, they are set in America or have American characters. The characters speak and act __30__ regular people. Two of his most popular books were The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn and Tom Sawyer.

26. (A) following (B) holding (C) taking (D) setting
27. (A) easy (B) more easy (C) much easier (D) more easily
28. (A) not (B) still (C) much (D) so
29. (A) how (B) what (C) when (D) why
30. (A) as (B) like (C) alike (D) likely

Questions 31−35

People have always been obsessed with their appearance. But with the __31__ of plastic surgery, we are now able to change almost any part of our bodies. However, this has __32__ a need for perfection. Over the past 20 years, many women __33__ breast implants. After a few years, some of the implants leaked, leading to numerous health problems. Furthermore, countless lawsuits have been filed around the world __34__ doctors who have made mistakes during operations. __35__ matters worse, a new television program in the US, called “Ultimate Makeover,” is giving real people free plastic surgery. The results are incredible. But, while only a dozen people get a new look, the rest of the world is only wishing they, too, could be more beautiful.

31. (A) automation (B) introduction (C) reservation (D) seduction
32. (A) coincided with (B) gotten rid of (C) backed up (D) resulted in
33. (A) have received (B) received (C) had received (D) receiving
34. (A) for (B) against (C) with (D) to
35. (A) Making (B) Make (C) To make (D) in making
第三部分：閱讀理解

Questions 36–38

Many times parents give their children pets. They buy a cute kitten or puppy, and at first everything is perfect. The children are happy to have a little animal to care for. Sadly for many pets, this all changes as the animal gets larger. As the animal grows up, many children become bored with it. It is no longer a cute and furry little creature, but one that takes up space, time, and food. Owning a pet is a responsibility that can be too difficult for a young child to take.

Before parents buy an animal for their child, they must keep in mind the age of their child. This job has to be done by the parents. Take for example a dog. A dog needs to be taken for walks several times a week. If a child is too young, then this may be impossible. A dog also has to be fed and have fresh water to drink. Buying a pet for a child is a decision that should involve a lot of thought.

36. Why do some children become bored with their pets?
   (A) They are expensive to buy. (B) They are larger and not as cute.
   (C) They are very cute and furry. (D) They are easy to handle.

37. What is a good title for this story?
   (A) The Fun of Owning a Dog  (B) Children Are Good Pet Owners
   (C) The True Responsibility of Owning a Pet  (D) Great Places to Buy a New Cat

38. Who should decide if a child is ready to own a pet?
   (A) The child. (B) The pet. (C) The parents. (D) The pet store owner.

Questions 39–40

AMY'S TOY STORE

ANNUAL SALE
AUGUST 15-20th
TAKE 75% OFF ALL TOYS FOR BABIES
ALL TOY ANIMALS ARE AN EXTRA 15% OFF
25% OFF ALL GAMES
HURRY IN BECAUSE THIS SALE WON'T LAST FOREVER

39. How often is the sale at Amy's Toys?
   (A) Once a month. (B) Once every two years. (C) Once a year. (D) Once on the 15th.

40. How much will you have to pay for a game?
   (A) 25% of the cost. (B) 75% of the cost. (C) 85% of the cost. (D) 100% of the cost.
Looking for Math and Science Tutors

We are looking for a math tutor for our son and a science tutor for our daughter.

Math Tutor—Mondays, Wednesdays, and Thursdays 7:00—8:30 P.M.
Science Tutor—Mondays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays 8:00—9:30 P.M.

Must have at least three years of experience tutoring.

41. Which day do they NOT need a tutor?
   (A) Monday   (B) Tuesday   (C) Wednesday   (D) Friday

42. How many hours per week will each tutor work?
   (A) 1.5 hours   (B) 4.5 hours   (C) 7 hours   (D) 7.5 hours

Yunnan Province in China is a beautiful and remote region over ten times the size of Taiwan. In Yunnan, you can visit everything from rainforests to icy mountains. The weather feels like spring year-round because Yunnan is on a high plateau. It’s a great place to enjoy the outdoors. One thing you can do there is to climb down into Tiger Leaping Gorge. This may be the world’s deepest river canyon with walls that are 2,000 feet tall. For more unusual sights, you can visit the Stone Forest and see rock columns rising up from the ground. Sights such as these make Yunnan Province a great place to visit.

43. Why is the weather in Yunnan always like springtime?
   (A) because it is located on high, flat land
   (B) because there are lots of rainforests
   (C) because the icy mountains there have cooled the weather down
   (D) because it is surrounded by a river canyon

44. According to the passage, which statement about Tiger Leaping Gorge is false?
   (A) It is the deepest river canyon in the world.
   (B) The walls of the canyon measure about 2,000 feet tall.
   (C) Tourists are kept out of the place because it is too dangerous.
   (D) Tourists enjoy climbing down into the gorge.
45. According to the passage, which statement about Yunnan is false?

(A) The Stone Forest is a famous tourist attraction.
(B) Yunnan has various kinds of landscapes.
(C) There are lots of outdoor activities that one can enjoy.
(D) Taiwan is bigger than Yunnan by ten times.

46. What can you see in the Stone Forest in Yunnan?

(A) giant stones that are shaped like tigers
(B) a high plateau which is located in a forest
(C) columns of rock rising from the ground
(D) a rainforest covered with rocks

Questions 47–50

Meeting and greeting people aren’t as easy as one might think it is. There are many ways to say hello to people from different cultures. Shaking hands is usually the standard way of greeting someone in the West. In America, people usually shake hands when they are first introduced, but family members and friends may kiss or hug to demonstrate their affection. Sometimes, people shake hands when they want to say goodbye or conclude a business deal.

In Korea, men bow and shake hands to greet each other. Women do not usually shake hands. Japanese people also bow to greet people. In Chile, people usually shake hands but women also peck each other on the cheek. They usually just kiss the air. Men sometimes give each other warm hugs called “abrazos.” In Finland, people prefer warm but firm handshakes. Whatever the culture is, saying hello is always a polite thing to do.

47. What would be a good title for this article?

(A) Hi and Bye  (B) Meeting and Greeting Customs
(C) How to Say “I Love You”  (D) To Shake or Not to Shake Hands

48. What is the standard form of greeting someone in the West?

(A) Bowing and saying hello.  (B) Shaking hands
(C) Kissing someone on the cheek.  (D) Giving a person a warm hug.

49. What does “abrazos” mean?

(A) a warm handshake.  (B) a warm peck on the cheek.  (C) a warm hug.  (D) a bow.

50. What does “kiss the air” mean?

(A) kiss very loudly.  (B) You don’t actually kiss the person’s cheek.
(C) Kiss the person in the sky.  (D) Blow someone a kiss.